Maryland Bird Conservation Symposium

Mike Parr

President, American Bird Conservancy





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Keynote brought to you by:









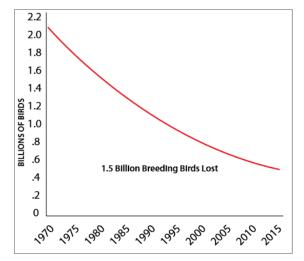


Figure 1. Over the past 40 years, the total loss of abundance across 46 steeply declining landbird species has been staggering and could disrupt the structure and function of the ecosystems of which they are a part.



Eastern Meadowlark by Doris Brookens | Macaulay Library





BIRDS OF CONSERVATION CONCERN

Delivering Habitat Management and Landowner Incentives Across the Continent

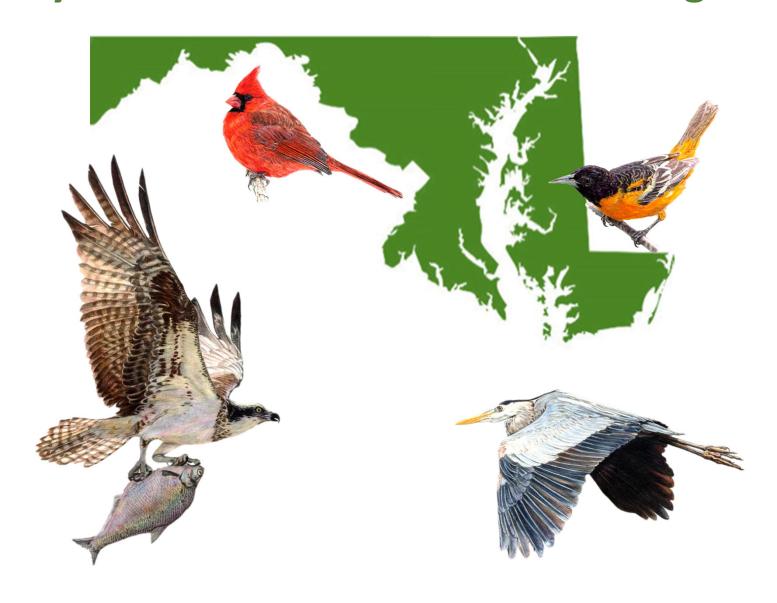
THREATS TO ALL BIRDS

Working to Find Solutions with Policymakers and the Private Sector

BUILDING CONSERVATION CAPACITY

Fueling the Engine that Drives Bird Conservation

Maryland is a bird state and a birding state.



Chesapeake Bay and its marshes are globally important for birds. Especially the western shore of the Delmarva Peninsula.

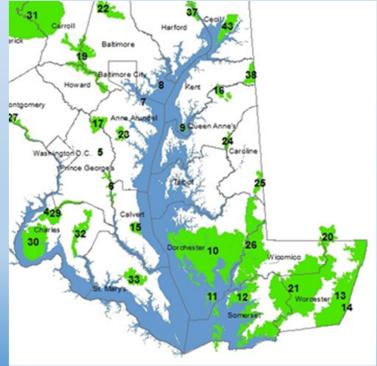
Maryland is Globally Important for the Bald Eagle, and

Osprey.



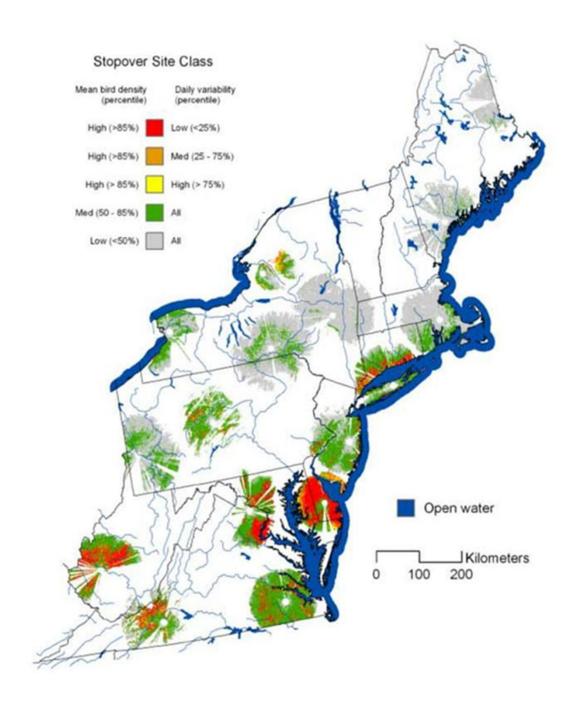
Several shorebird sites are of critical importance, and need to be managed for

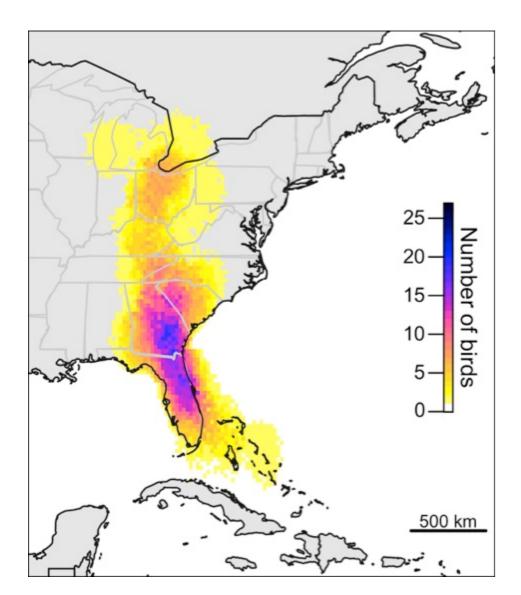
this.



The eastern Black Rail is going extinct and Whip-poor-will and Northern Bobwhite are disappearing from the state and the mid-Atlantic as a whole.

Maryland falls along a critical migration route and you can do a lot of damage to eastern migratory bird populations with light pollution, the loss of habitat refugia, and other threats.



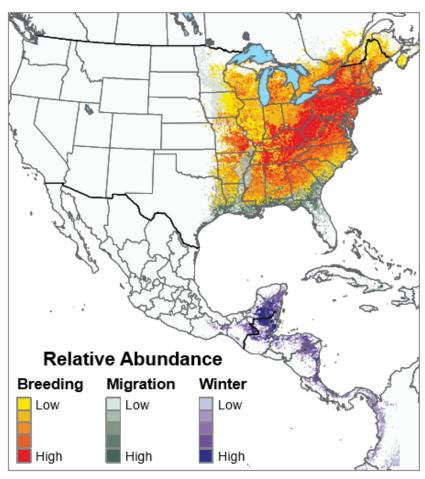




Kirtland's Warbler photo by USFWS; Joel Trick

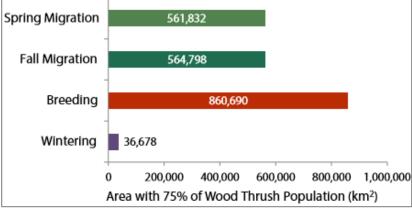
You can't protect all habitat so you have to work with landowners in production landscapes in farmland, pasture, and forest.

You cannot conserve Maryland's birds by working only in Maryland.



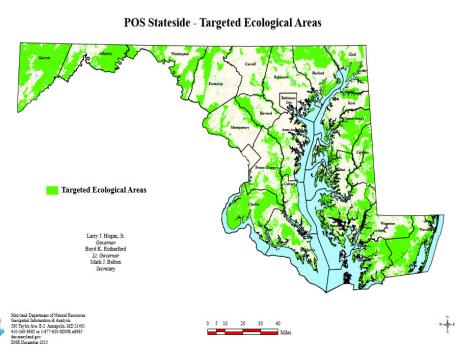
Figures 4,5,6 (starting left and moving clockwise). eBird data for Wood Thrush helps guide new conservation efforts throughout the hemisphere.



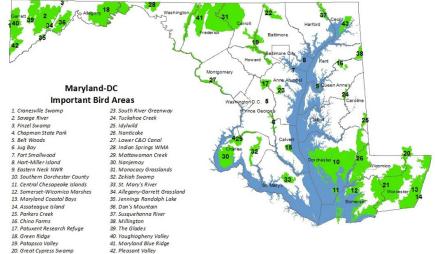


A broad-based partnership with DNR, Audubon, and local bird groups, will be vital to success linking to national and regional initiatives such as Bird City, Safe Skies, the AMJV, the ACJV and others.

Conserving Important Bird Areas and proper planning through GreenPrint, along with Farm Bill and other incentives for best management are vitally important.







43. Elk Neck

22 Prettyboy

Science is key and especially to to understand Black Rail management needs, shorebird management needs, forest and grassland best management practices.